SWITCHMODE™

NPN Bipolar Power Transistor For Switching Power Supply Applications

The BUL44 have an applications specific state-of-the-art die designed for use in 220 V line operated Switchmode Power supplies and electronic light ballasts.

Features

• Improved Efficiency Due to Low Base Drive Requirements:

High and Flat DC Current Gain hFE

Fast Switching

No Coil Required in Base Circuit for Turn-Off (No Current Tail)

- Full Characterization at 125°C
- Tight Parametric Distributions are Consistent Lot-to-Lot
- Pb-Free Package is Available*

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector–Emitter Sustaining Voltage	V _{CEO}	400	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	V _{CES}	700	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V _{EBO}	9.0	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous – Peak (Note 1)	I _C I _{CM}	2.0 5.0	Adc
Base Current – Continuous – Peak (Note 1)	I _B I _{BM}	1.0 2.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ T _C = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P _D	50 0.4	W W/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature	T _J , T _{stg}	-65 to 150	°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.5	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds	TL	260	°C

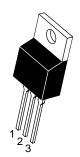
Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle \leq 10%.

ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com

POWER TRANSISTOR 2.0 AMPERES, 700 VOLTS, 40 AND 100 WATTS



TO-220AB CASE 221A-09 STYLE 1

MARKING DIAGRAM



BUL44 = Device Code A = Assembly Location

Y = Year WW = Work Week G = Pb-Free Package

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
BUL44	TO-220	50 Units / Rail
BUL44G	TO-220 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail

^{*}For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTI		5°C unless	otnerwise noted)		ı	1	ı	1
Characteristic			Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
OFF CHARACTERISTICS								
Collector–Emitter Sustaining (I _C = 100 mA, L = 25 mHz				V _{CEO(sus)}	400	_	-	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CE} = Rated V _{CEO} , I _B =	: 0)			I _{CEO}	-	_	100	μAdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CE} V _{EB} = 0) (V _{CE} = 500 V, V _{EB} = 0)	= Rated V _{CES} ,	(T _C = 125 (T _C = 125	°C) °C)	ICES	- - -	- - -	100 500 100	μAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current (V _{EB} = 9.0 Vdc, I _C = 0)				I _{EBO}	-	_	100	μAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS					•			•
Base–Emitter Saturation Volta ($I_C = 0.4$ Adc, $I_B = 40$ m/ ($I_C = 1.0$ Adc, $I_B = 0.2$ Ad	Adc)			V _{BE(sat)}	_ _	0.85 0.92	1.1 1.25	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Saturation $(I_C = 0.4 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 40 \text{ m/s})$ $(I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 0.2 \text{ Add})$	\dc) (T _C = 125°	,		V _{CE(sat)}	- - - -	0.20 0.20 0.25 0.25	0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6	Vdc
DC Current Gain $ (I_{C} = 0.2 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}) $ $ (I_{C} = 0.4 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc}) $ $ (I_{C} = 1.0 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc}) $ $ (I_{C} = 1.0 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc}) $ $ (I_{C} = 10 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}) $				h _{FE}	14 - 12 12 8.0 7.0	- 32 20 20 14 13 22	34 - - - - -	-
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTI	cs							
Current Gain Bandwidth (I _C = 0.5 Adc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 MHz)				f _T	_	13	_	MHz
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)				C _{OB}	-	38	60	pF
Input Capacitance (V _{EB} = 8.0 V)			C _{IB}	-	380	600	pF	
	(I _C = 0.4 Adc	1.0 µs	(T _C = 125°C)		_ _	2.5 2.7	_ _	
Dynamic Saturation Voltage: Determined 1.0 μs and 3.0 μs respectively after rising I_{B1} reaches 90% of final I_{B1}	I _{B1} = 40 mAdc V _{CC} = 300 V)	3.0 μs	(T _C = 125°C)		_ _	1.3 1.15	_ _	,,,
	(I _C = 1.0 Adc	1.0 µs	(T _C = 125°C)	V _{CE(dsat)}	_ _	3.2 7.5	- -	Vdc
	I _{B1} = 0.2 Adc V _{CC} = 300 V)	3.0 μs	(T _C = 125°C)		- -	1.25 1.6	- -	

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS: Resistive Load (D.C. \leq 10%, Pulse Width = 20 μ s)

Turn-On Time	$(I_C = 0.4 \text{ Adc}, I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mAdc} $ $I_{B2} = 0.2 \text{ Adc}, V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V})$	(T _C = 125°C)	t _{on}	- -	40 40	100 -	ns
Turn-Off Time	$(I_C = 0.4 \text{ Adc}, I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mAdc} $ $I_{B2} = 0.2 \text{ Adc}, V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V})$	(T _C = 125°C)	t _{off}	-	1.5 2.0	2.5 -	μs
Turn-On Time	$(I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}, I_{B1} = 0.2 \text{ Adc} $ $I_{B1} = 0.5 \text{ Adc}, V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V})$	(T _C = 125°C)	t _{on}		85 85	150 -	ns
Turn-Off Time	$(I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}, I_{B1} = 0.2 \text{ Adc} $ $I_{B2} = 0.5 \text{ Adc}, V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V})$	(T _C = 125°C)	t _{off}	- -	1.75 2.10	2.5 -	μS

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS: Inductive Load (V $_{clamp}$ = 300 V, V $_{CC}$ = 15 V, L = 200 $\mu H)$

Fall Time	$(I_C = 0.4 \text{ Adc}, I_{B1} = 40 \text{ mAdc} $ $I_{B2} = 0.2 \text{ Adc})$	(T _C = 125°C)	t _{fi}		125 120	200 -	ns
Storage Time		(T _C = 125°C)	t _{si}	- -	0.7 0.8	1.25 –	μs
Crossover Time		(T _C = 125°C)	t _c	-	110 110	200 -	ns
Fall Time	$(I_C = 1.0 \text{ Adc}, I_{B1} = 0.2 \text{ Adc} $ $I_{B2} = 0.5 \text{ Adc})$	(T _C = 125°C)	t _{fi}	-	110 120	175 -	ns
Storage Time		(T _C = 125°C)	t _{si}	- -	1.7 2.25	2.75 -	μS
Crossover Time		(T _C = 125°C)	t _c	- -	180 210	300	ns
Fall Time	$(I_C = 0.8 \text{ Adc}, I_{B1} = 160 \text{ mAdc})$ $I_{B2} = 160 \text{ mAdc})$	(T _C = 125°C)	t _{fi}	70 -	- 180	170 -	ns
Storage Time		(T _C = 125°C)	t _{si}	2.6 -	4.2	3.8	μS
Crossover Time		(T _C = 125°C)	t _c	-	190 350	300 -	ns

TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

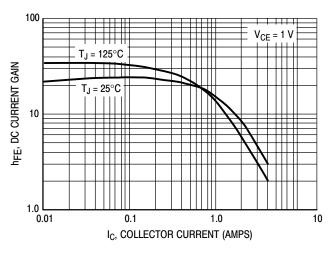


Figure 1. DC Current Gain at 1 Volt

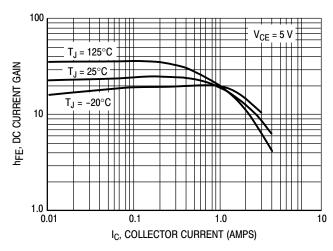


Figure 2. DC Current Gain at 5 Volts

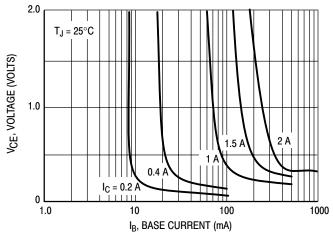


Figure 3. Collector Saturation Region

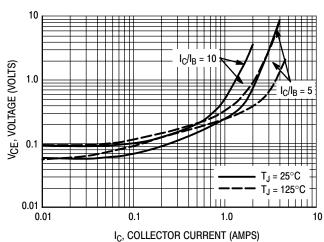


Figure 4. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

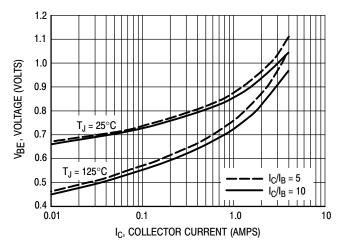


Figure 5. Base-Emitter Saturation Region

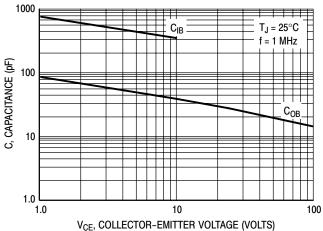
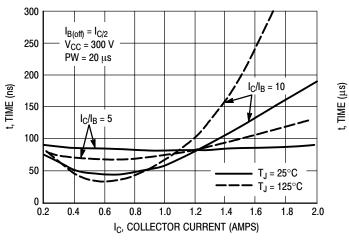


Figure 6. Capacitance

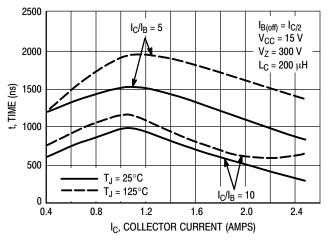
TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS $(I_{B2} = I_C/2 \text{ for all switching})$



6.0 $\begin{array}{l} I_{B(off)} = I_{C/2} \\ V_{CC} = 300 \ V \end{array}$ 5.0 $I_C/I_B = 5$ $PW = 20 \mu s$ 4.0 $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ 3.0 $T_J = 125^{\circ}C$ 2.0 1.0 $I_C/I_B = 10$ 0.2 0.4 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 IC, COLLECTOR CURRENT (AMPS)

Figure 7. Resistive Switching, ton

Figure 8. Resistive Switching, toff



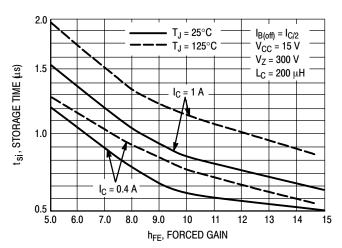
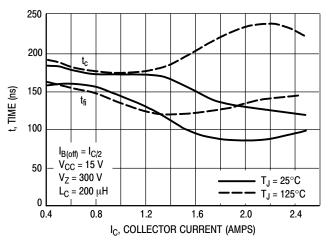


Figure 9. Inductive Storage Time, tsi

Figure 10. Inductive Storage Time



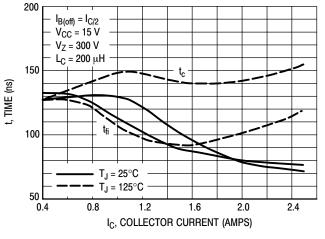


Figure 11. Inductive Switching, t_c and $t_{fi} I_C/I_B = 5$

Figure 12. Inductive Switching, t_c and $t_{fi} I_C/I_B = 10$

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

 $(I_{B2} = I_C/2 \text{ for all switching})$

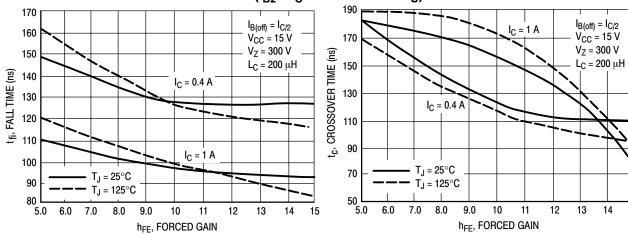


Figure 13. Inductive Fall Time

Figure 14. Inductive Crossover Time

15

GUARANTEED SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

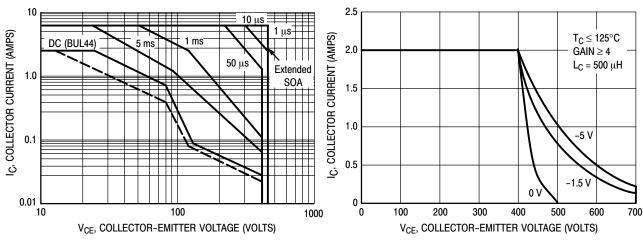
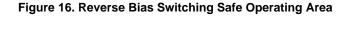


Figure 15. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area



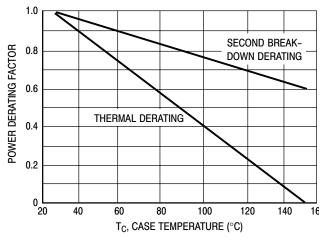
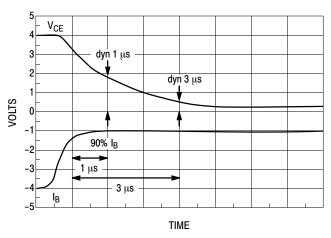


Figure 17. Forward Bias Power Derating

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate I_C – V_{CE}

limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate. The data of figure 15 is based on $T_C = 25$ °C; $T_{J(PK)}$ is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when $T_C > 25$ °C. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on figure 15 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on figure 17. T_{J(PK)} may be calculated from the data in figure 20. At any case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power than can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown. For inductive loads, high voltage and current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off with the base-to-emitter junction reverse-biased. The safe level is specified as a reverse-biased safe operating area (Figure 16). This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode.



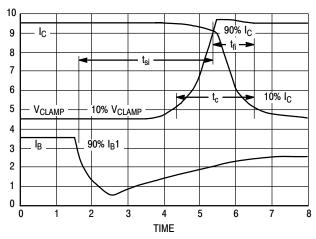


Figure 18. Dynamic Saturation Voltage Measurements

Figure 19. Inductive Switching Measurements

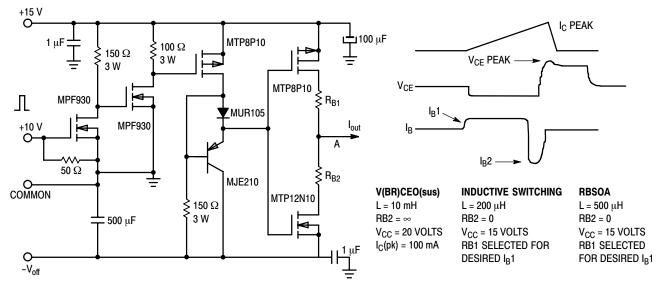


Table 1. Inductive Load Switching Drive Circuit

TYPICAL THERMAL RESPONSE

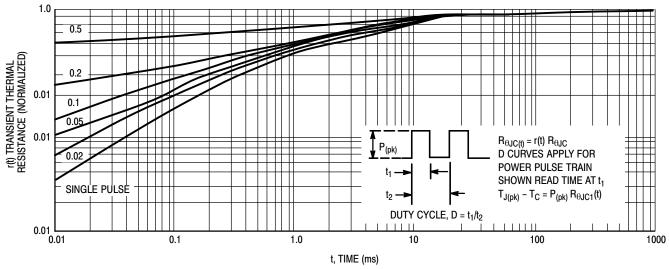
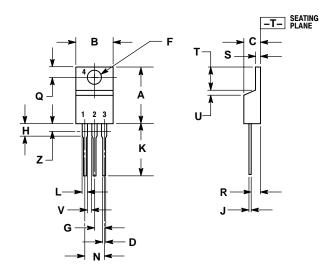


Figure 20. Typical Thermal Response ($Z_{\theta JC}(t)$) for BUL44

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TO-220AB CASE 221A-09 **ISSUE AA**



- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 DIMENSION Z DEFINES A ZONE WHERE ALL BODY AND LEAD IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

	INC	INCHES		IETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.570	0.620	14.48	15.75	
В	0.380	0.405	9.66	10.28	
С	0.160	0.190	4.07	4.82	
D	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.88	
F	0.142	0.147	3.61	3.73	
G	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66	
Н	0.110	0.155	2.80	3.93	
J	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64	
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27	
L	0.045	0.060	1.15	1.52	
N	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33	
Q	0.100	0.120	2.54	3.04	
R	0.080	0.110	2.04	2.79	
S	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39	
T	0.235	0.255	5.97	6.47	
U	0.000	0.050	0.00	1.27	
٧	0.045		1.15		
Z		0.080		2.04	

STYLE 1:

PIN 1. BASE

- 2. COLLECTOR
- 3. EMITTER
- COLLECTOR

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